



he first time I visited Canberra I thought it was the most exciting and cosmopolitan place I'd ever been to. I was seven years old at the time and it was also the first trip I had taken in an aeroplane — a fact that may have influenced my impressions.

I've been back many times since and, although the city is not without the charm, I've always found it wanting. I'm happy to declare my bias here: I'm not a big fan of small to medium-sized cities anywhere. I like big bustling metropolites and I like small little villages and towns, but for me small cities always feel like they are trapped between a rock and a hard place. They'e too big to be considered charming and too small to be taken sersouly as a major centre.

The history of Canberra doesn't help matters either

— just imagine what Sydney or Melbourne could have
been if one of them was made the capital. Then again,
imagine what Canberra could be if there was a highspeed rail link connecting it to the two state capitals.

But before our Canberra readers start an angry email to me, I'll get to the point: Canberra has suddenly become cool, and I don't mean in the climate sense. There is a newfound energy in Canberra that has seen restaurants, hotels and cafes open all over the city.

Milanda Rout, our senior writer and former Canberrabased political reporter for *The Australian*, travelled to her old stomping ground for this issue to find out what's happened in Canberra that led *The New York Times* to label it Australia's "decidedly hipster underbelly". Her story starts on page 34.

One of the most successful mixed-use developments in any Australian (vib has been the New Acton precinc in Camberra by the Molongho Group, which is home to, among other businesses, the acclaimed Hotel Hotel, Codirector of Molongho, Necture Eßarpidis, told Milanda: "What we wanted to do was inject a bit of messiness. It's what we have in the big cities as they layer over time. You cannot have the good and the interesting without the grit and the messiness." We also sent a video crew to Camberra and you can view that on our website.

Speaking of metropolises ... for our fashion and cover shoot this month our fashion team travelled to New York for an exclsuive shoot with Tiffany & Co.'s incredible Blue Book collection of high jewellery.

I hope you enjoy the issue.

David Meagher Editor

wish

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Pracia siik dress, Tillariy & Co. green tournaine and diamond basket ring in platinum and Jean Schlumberger for Tiffany & Co. diamond, sapphire and emerald sea life necklace in platinum Stockist details page 77

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QUITE A CAPITAL CITY

AS COOL AS ... CANBERRA? FORGET YOUR IMPRESSIONS OF OUR STAID, LIFELESS ADMINISTRATIVE CENTRE — A HANDFUL OF ENTREPRENEURS ARE DOING THE CITY A REAL PUBLIC SERVICE

STORY MILANDA ROUT PHOTOGRAPHY SEAN DAVEY

t Spm on a Friday, night, so the loke goes, the busiest place in Canherra is the airport, followed closely by the road to Sydney. Former prime minister John Howard reduced to the the plant of the the plant of the the plant of the the plant country of the the plant country of public servants, of overpriced medicarity in well, everything, has had cas years' worth of insults thrown at it. And deserved by of (I know, II level there for two years). But it is time to draw all ime in the sand and say it — out loud — Canherra has become come.

Now at 5pm on a Friday night, you may find people having a drink at Mouste Bar at Houstel Bar it Hotel Hotel in New Atom (the décor has been described as Madmen meets Nordic cool, olders queueing for a Penvian prok belly sandwich at a food truck in Braddon or dancing until the early houss in a converted shipping container on the edge of Lake Burley Criffin. This is Camberra, but not as we know it, and not at lunew it when I fleed — sorv., left, in 2015, Even The New York Times noted the transformation, declaring Australia's capital as having a "decidedly hipster underbelly" in a piece last May (written by former local and now longlime New Yorker Emma Pearse). This validation was just what the town was looking for and was englessly rehanded by chaffed Camberrans.

So why has Camberra become cool? And more importantly, what took it so long? According to the architects, developers and restaurateurs behind Camberra's solution into a hangout worthy of hiptens, it is all Walter Burley Criffin's fault. Or perhaps more accurately, the public severatus who have since interpreted his vision for a'tutopian garden city' in the decades that followed. A city planned by public sevenats primarily for public severants does not leave much to the imagination or chance or any type of change. There were no innerectify transformations like Fitzroo or Brunswick in Melbourne or Surry Hills in Sydney because there was no inner city. It was all planned suburbs connected by freeways and roundabouts and single shopping stiry.

"Canberra's biggest failure is that it is designed around a car," says Nectar Efkarpidis, co-director of the

Molonglo Group, the company behind the New Acton development, which has been a game-changer for the capital. "If you build submits where the only way to connect people to social locations is to get into a car and drive down freeways, you don't interact with anyone. You wake up in the morning and von live in your own private property, you get into the builble of a car and go down the street — where are the connections with other human beings? You don't have any of what makes innereiny littings orick. Whereyou are in Brunwake (in Melbourne's inner north), you wall down the street to get a tram, you engage with a human being even if it is only studing at the traffic lights or getting a coffee. These are priceless experiences that build connections between human beings. You didn't have them in Canberra until they started to build innerectify density."

Estampidis, an architect, was convinced by his bother Jonathan to return home to the family business in 20-02 after spending a decade in London. Their father had bought a former government site sandwiched between Canberra's CBD and Lake Burley Griffin with the aim of turning it into a mixed-use precinct, with offices, apartments, holest, cafes, restaurants and bans. It would be something Canberra had not seen before, something you might find in Tokyo or New York or Sydney.

It stated in 2005 with one building that had offices, apartments and a cafe, then turning a former host effor public serunts into a hole, then a hole-in-the-wall express observable when the companion of the control o

"What we wanted to do was inject a bit of messiness. It is what we have in the big cities as they layer over a period of time," Ekapridis tells WISH. You cannot have the good and the interesting without the grid and measiness, and that requires us to see things that we don't necessarily want over over hile but we need to accept them because diversity matters. Without it, we are down a dead road. We need multiple volces, we have a dead of the and the state of the state







Architect Ronan Moss, who designed Westside Acton Park, a pop-up entertainment space constructed from shipping containers on the edge of Lake Burley Griffin, also blames the public service for Canberra's stall history. He says the process-driven mentality of the place meant there was not much opportunity for entreperensus to do anything risky, whether in food, fashion, aerthiceture or music. Westide, which is a two-year excitation of the same of the process of the pr

"When I was growing up here, basically myself and all my friends left Canherra because there was no opportunity," Moss says. "But I think it is at a point now where enough has happened and there has been the transformation of places like Braddon and New Acton and Westsides. So what this is doing is turning it into a place of opportunity. There is a new culture and demographic of popole living in Canberra now; they are risk lakers and know a lot of what is going on around the world. There is a pant by younger entrepreneurs to try and get involved and give ideas a nudge and add to what is an interesting growing culture."

One of the key changes which have allowed entrepreneurs to act on their ideas in the capital was a complete rethink in urban planning by the ACT government. "The approach that typifed Canberra's first century was that everything was planned within an inch of its life," Chief Minister Andrew Bart tells WISH. "We

"THAT BIG UNIVERSITY TOWN CULTURE IS KICKING IN NOW, WHICH HAS BEEN GREAT FOR A MORE HIPSTER, BOHEMIAN CULTURE"

now have a little bit more of what I call organised chaos. Less regulation, less red tape and allowing entrepreneurship and a bit of creativity to emerge, and lo and behold, you scratch the surface in this city and it a catually there. The city's population and demographics are quite young, we are the second-youngest city in Australia, so there is a big appetite for this."

Barr says the significant growth of students in the capital — there are 4,4000 students across five university campuses in a population of almost 400,000 — has helped provide consumers for the growing food, wine and arts scene. There are also more people living in Camberra's CBD ("We cannot keep spreading out as we will cross the NSW border soon, so the city has to grow up") which has meant moving away from the traditional Camberra swath

of sububia and into high-density living. That big university tower counter is claving in now, which has been great for the creative arts and for a more hipster, bothermin culture — basicially anything but the grey-suit publicservice approach to life, "Barr says." In order for a city of this size to stand our and differentiate coursels, we have to be prepared to push boundaries and do things a little bit differently. The conservative image that the city had in its first century is gradually being shrugged off and we are prepared to take a few more risks."

One of those people prepared to take a risk was Alastati Ewan, who opened up Lonsdale Street Roasters on Lonsdale Street in the fringe city subusto of Braddon in 2000 after Barr recorned the area in 2006. What started as a coffee roaster and a calfe in an old diving shop turned out to be a game-changer for the street, the subust and Camberra thelf. It was arguably the first innecesity calfe in Camberra thelf. It was arguably the first innecessity calfe in confere, milk cartes to all tout no working careful about fore, milk cartes to all tout no working the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference of the conference on a Studyed morning.

"It was Schour weeks," recalls the cafe's head chef and now coowner, Paul Hutt, of the opening. "My wife would finish her work and come and help me make sandviches at night and then we would do it all again the next morning at sam. Every day just got busier and busier, the music got louder and louder. I remember we didn't want to open Sahraday and then we opened Sahraday until apam and then people complained and then it was pun, then apm, then apm and then we would be back there on our day off on Sunday."



Five years on and Lonsdale Street is unrecognisable. What used to be an industrial strip for ear surfs is now filled with cafes, new apartments, vintage clothing shops, art markets, and even a collection of flood wans in a former Beauverpaires depot — Pentwian street food, old-school milkhakes and cold-drip coffee are just a sample. Lonsdale Street Roasten has opened up a second venue a few hundred metres up the road. "The transformation is massive," says Hutt. "It is unbelievable now. The cafes on the street have literally increased so forth."

Hutt, who is from Auckland but has lived all over, says Camberra has a "very similar vide "be Portland, Oregon (satirised for its hipatertude in the comody Portlandia). He says Lonadda Street Roasters and Evrass are also part of Stomping Ground Collective, a group of restaurateurs, architects and developers keen to help transform Camberra. One of their first protects, in commission with opened in January and has hosted foodle markets, music festivals and street baskethall. It is also home to the first rooftop has overlooking the lake in the capital.

We wanted to try and set up interesting spaces and createnew idea for the city. Sort of a feel-good collective, says Moss, who is also part of the group. The made up of friends who are finstated and interested in the city. One of the frustrations of Camberra is that you see its potential but it seems to be moving slowly. A big problem is population—it only has 400,000 people—it is the same size as Wollongong. It has a big pational profile, architectural presence with the parliamentary triangle, but there aren't actually that many people living here.

"CANBERRA HAS ITS OWN UNIQUE THING GOING ON. PEOPLE JUST NEED TO COME AND TAKE A CLOSER LOOK"

Another person instrumental to the ewdving Canberra food scene is Sea McConnell. The former Melbourne chef moved to the capital for family reasons in 2005. His first impressions were not great. "There were a handful of good restaurants do lot of restaurants doing exactly the same thing — basically what Melbourne and Sydney restaurants are all assess ago. Food had been changing and growing in popularity across the world, particularly in Australia, and I just think Canberra was just lagging behind. That lag has become smaller and smaller and at the moment, I don't think there is one. And I think it has a lot to do with a few hospitality people who are driven and realising the potential of canberra deriven and the canberra

McConnell first met Efkarpidis while he was working

for Silo Bakery in Kingston (one of the better eateries south of the lake) and agreed to head the kitchen the growing Mocan & Green Grout in New Acton. Next was Monster, the restaurant and bar at Hotel Hotel, who opened last year to critical acclaim and a full house. He assy he wanted to get away from the reputation Camban had for overpriced food as well as traditional hotel fare (there is not a breakfast buffer in sight).

The whole idea behind Monster is that it is nonexclusive. Most days if you look around, you will see enables to the precinct so will see residents of the precinct as well as guests of the hole! rubbing shoulden with politicians and locals. That was the main concept behind if. McComell says. "I was asked to produce a menu that didn't exclude anyone. We didn't want to take it too seriously. We are obviously incredibly passionate about what we do but there is no fussiness to it, there is no smoke and mirron, it is just good food."

So Canberra has changed. There are options for a Friday night that don't involve a trip to the airport. But is it cool enough to warrant a visit from other cities?

"Cambera has its own unique thing going on," says archited Mos. "People just need to come and take a closer look," Esqut New York Times writer Emma Pearse agrees. "Tey quite recently evolved from an ashamed Camberan antive," she admits to WISH. "It is still a weird, weird place but that is part of its harm. There is a lot of stuff going on both underground and government-backed. I used to do everything in my power to avoid having to go back when I come back to Australia for Christmass or whatever— not any more."